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REPORT NO.

CD NO

12 May 1953

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SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF TITLE 18, SECTIONS 793 AND 794 OF THE U. S. CODE, AS AMENDED: ITS TRANSMISSION OR REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS TO OR RECEIPT BY AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW. THE REPRODUCTION OF THIS FORM IS PROHIBITED.

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and pertinent measures were examined during this visit. Beginning 1 April 1953, all available engineers of the former Junkers Plant would be sent to Dessau. The plan to reconstruct the Junkers Plant at other places was abandoned.¹

On 8 January, [redacted] the Industri-
entwurf VEB in Dessau was charged with the entire reconstruction pro-
ject of the former Junkers Plant in Dessau, Kamenz and Schkeuditz.
Three State Security Service officials responsible for operations security
were assigned to the plant and Mueller (fnu), head of a main depart-
ment at the office of the Deputy for Economic Affairs in the Ministry of
the Interior, was responsible for the execution of the project. The Bau-
Unionen Dessau, Bitterfeld and Leipzig were contracted for the construction
work for which 40,000,000 eastmarks were appropriated in 1953.²

arrangements were made to release engineers of the former Junkers Plant employed at other factories. Three hundred apartments were requisitioned for the labor force of the factory in Dessau and 300 apartments were scheduled to be constructed in 1953. It was also planned to construct a cultural building in Dessau for 4,000,000 eastmarks.

In early January, 5,000 workers cleared up the area of the former Junkers Plant.

Dipl.Eng. Baade was scheduled to manage the factory in Dessau. It was planned to carry out experiments at the Otto-Mader Plant. [] production would also start at the Koethen crane plant of the
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6. [redacted] although not dropped, the Pirna project was postponed in favor of the factory project in Dessau. The office at Pirna was allegedly designated as Materialpruefamt der DDR (Material-Testing Office of the German Democratic Republic) and was headed by Eisler or Eiseler (fnu) who was said to have come from the U.S.S.R.⁴

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[redacted] Comment. A previous report stated that Baade was in East Germany from late November to early December 1952 and came to Dessau on 22 November 1952. It is undetermined whether he visited Dessau for a second time on 22 December as stated by the present report or whether this date is incorrect.

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[redacted] Comment. It is believed that the reconstruction of the Junkers Plant is still in the stage of preliminary discussion and planning. Previous information indicated that installations suitable for the construction of factories for the armament industry include: the former Junkers Plant in Dessau; the branches at Koethen and Muldenstein near Bitterfeld; the former Siebel Plant in Schkeuditz-Halle; and the former Daimler-Benz Plant in Genshagen. The Kamenz plant was reported for the first time. It is believed that the Mueller mentioned in the present report is Miller (fnu), who was chief of the HV Technik at the office of the Deputy for Economic Affairs in the Ministry of the Interior and was mentioned in a previous report.

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[redacted] Comment. It is believed unlikely that the Koethen crane plant, which is a key factory of the heavy-machine industry and works at capacity, should change to manufacturing air armament. Elements of the Junkers branch in Koethen which was badly damaged and was later dismantled may have been assigned to the Koethen crane plant as may now have been returned.

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[redacted] Comment. [redacted]

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